



Università degli Studi di Bari

DIPARTIMENTO INTERATENEO DI FISICA, 'MICHELANGELO MERLIN'

PhD course in Physics – XXXIV cycle

Study of the electro-thermal properties and acoustic coupling of quartz tuning forks

Tutors:

Prof. Vincenzo Spagnolo

Dott. Pietro Patimisco

PhD student:

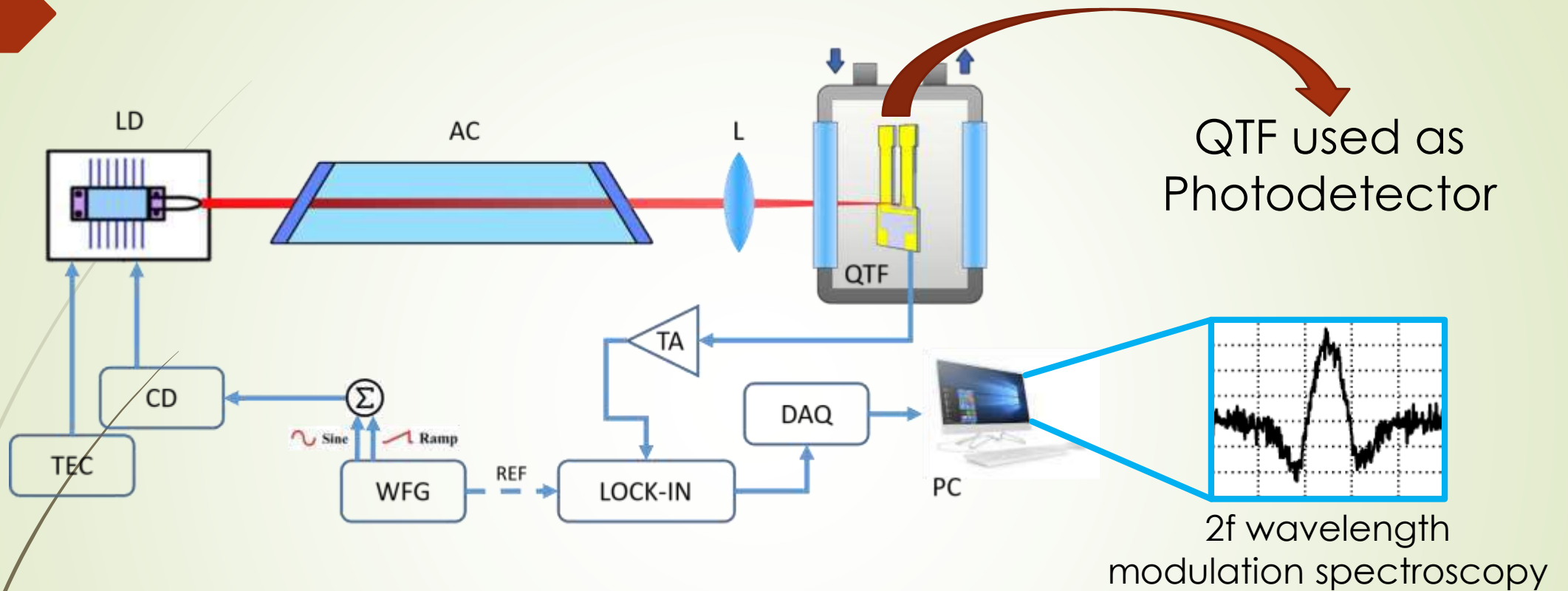
Stefano Dello Russo

Second year report

Outline

- **Light-induced thermo-elastic spectroscopy (LITES)**
- **LITES signal mapping** on QTF and maximization process
- **Comparison** between QTF and Near-IR photodetector
- **Low-pressure** and **Mid-IR** measurements
- **CH₄ – H₂O** QEPAS measurements near a **traffic light**

Light-induced thermo-elastic spectroscopy



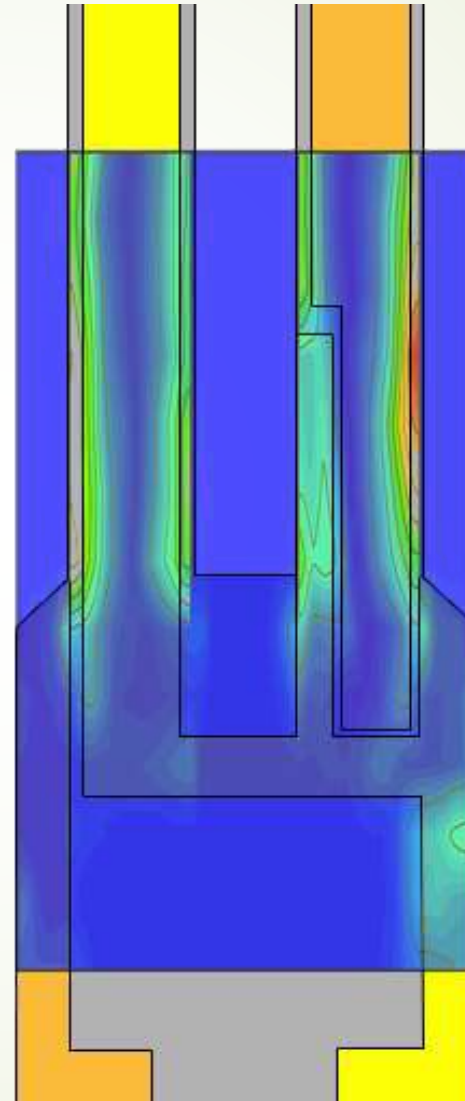
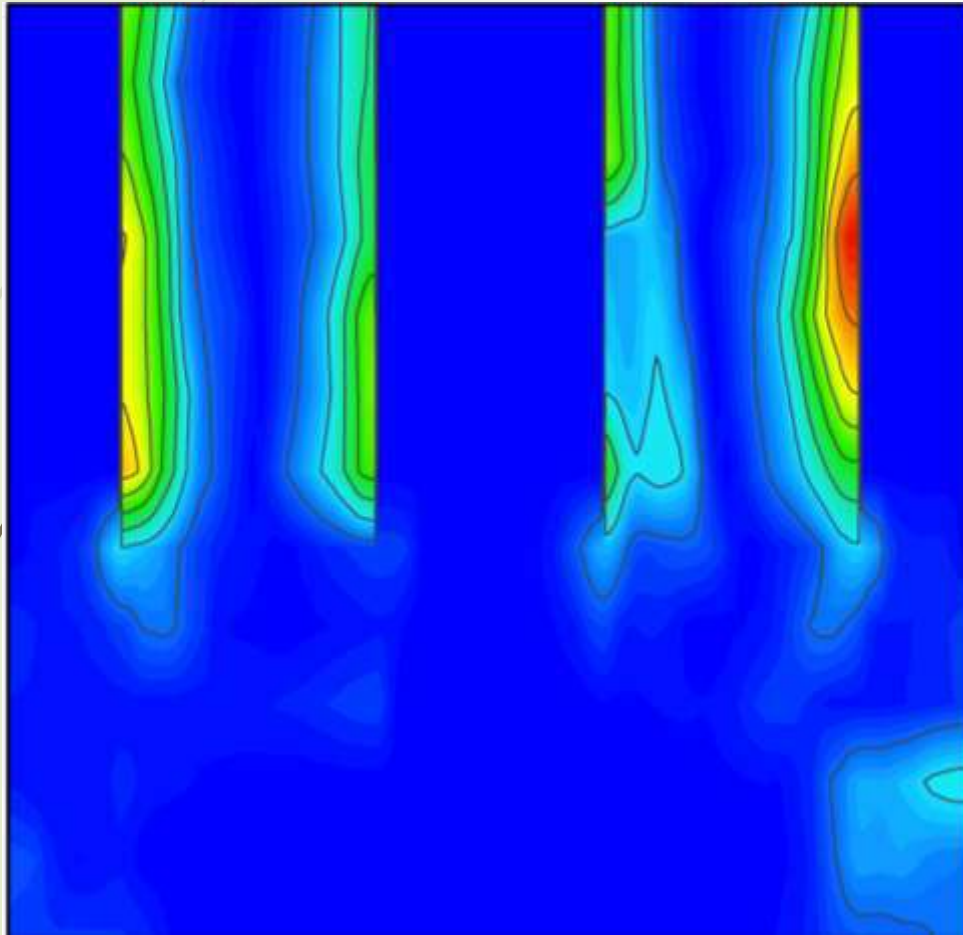
- Optical modulated LASER absorption
- Photothermal energy generation
- Thermo-elastic conversion
- Induced vibration
- Piezo-electric charge accumulation

Custom QTFs can improve LITES performance with respect to standard QTF^[1]

[1] Y. Ma , Y. He, P. Patimisco, A. Sampaolo, S. Qiao, X. Yu, F.K. Tittel, V. Spagnolo, "Ultra-high sensitive trace gas detection based on light-induced thermoelastic spectroscopy and a custom quartz tuning fork", Applied Physics Letters 116, 011103 (2020).

LITES signal mapping on QTF surface

7.2 kHz – Fundamental mode
0° degrees tilt

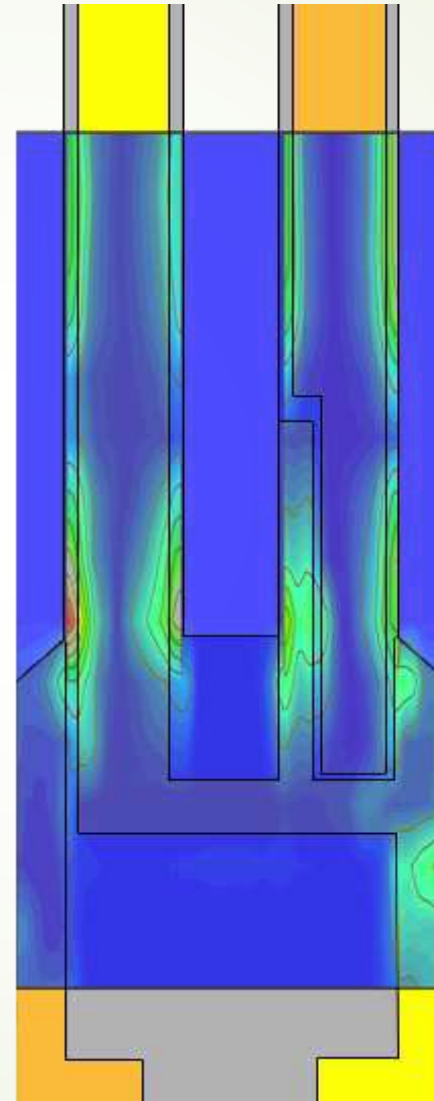
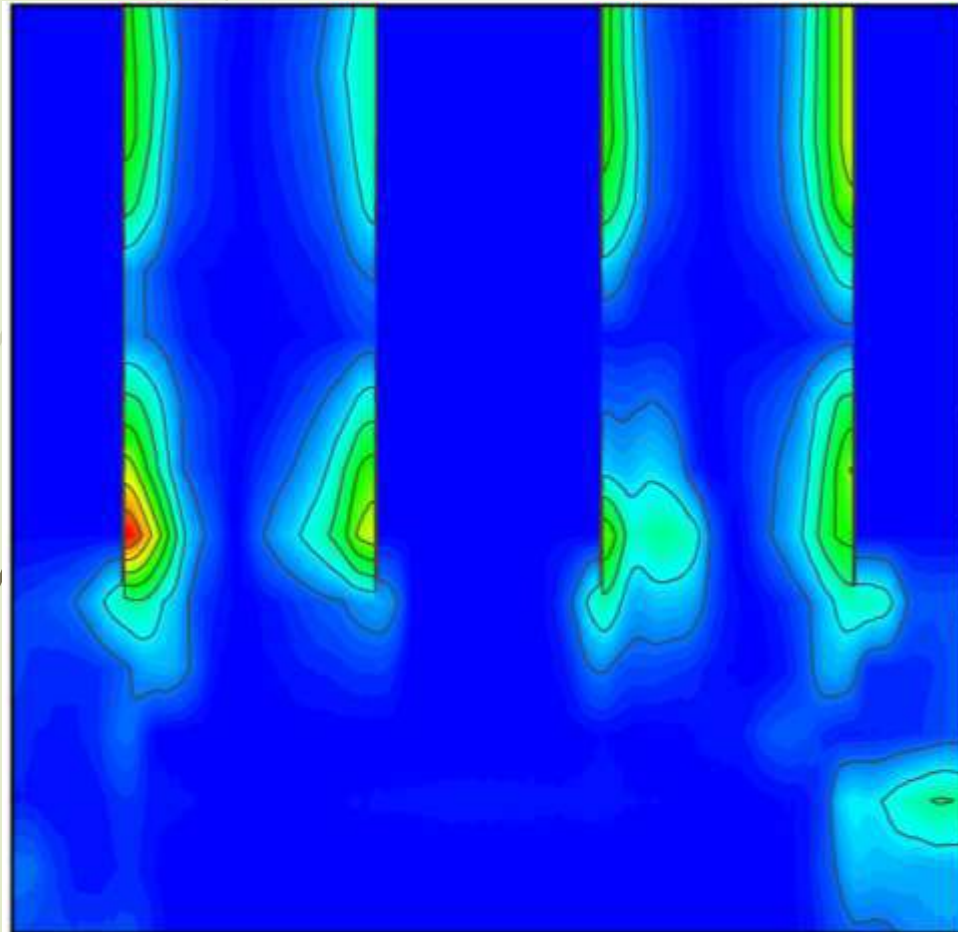


**Peak Signal
20 mV**



LITES signal mapping on QTF surface

44 kHz – 1st overtone mode
0° degrees tilt



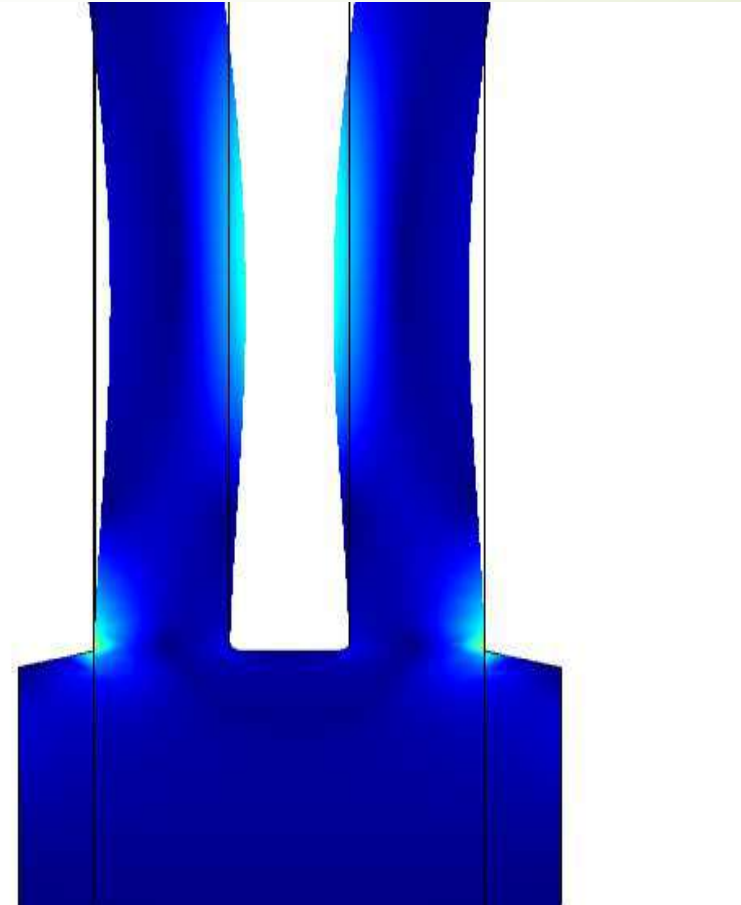
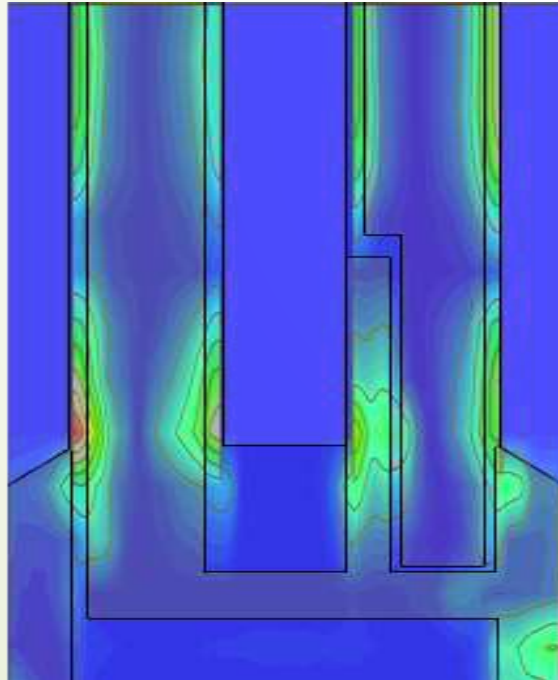
**Peak Signal
14 mV**



LITES signal mapping on QTF surface

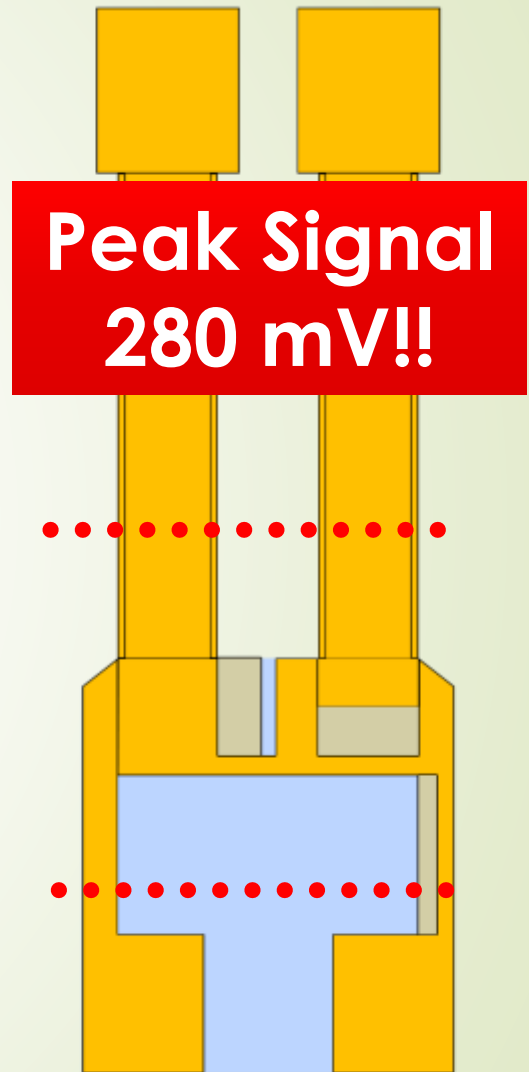
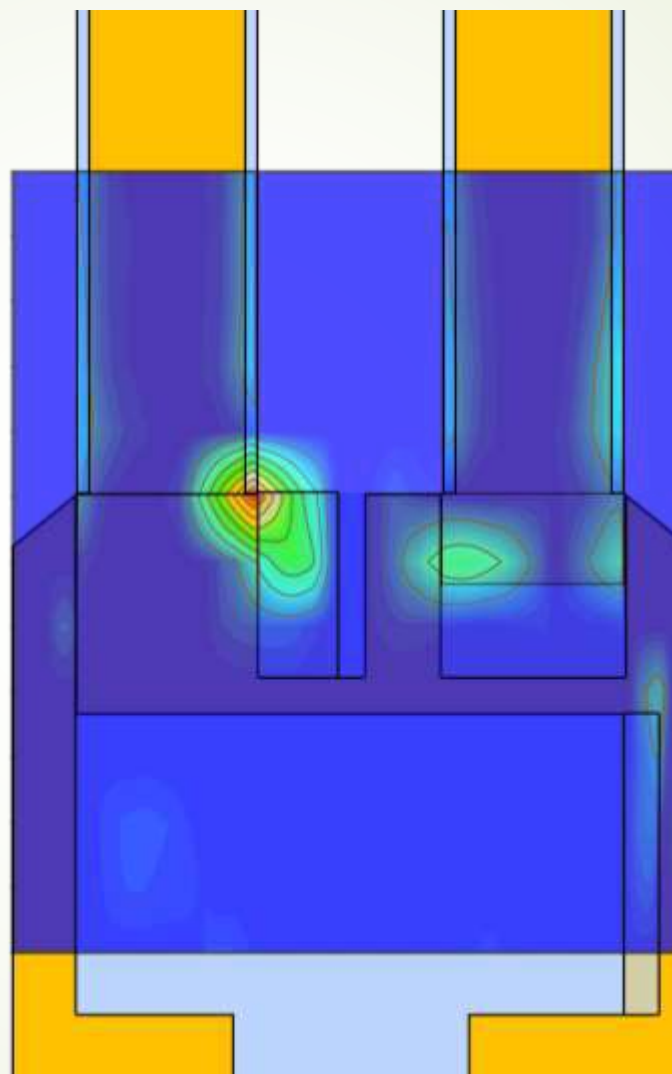
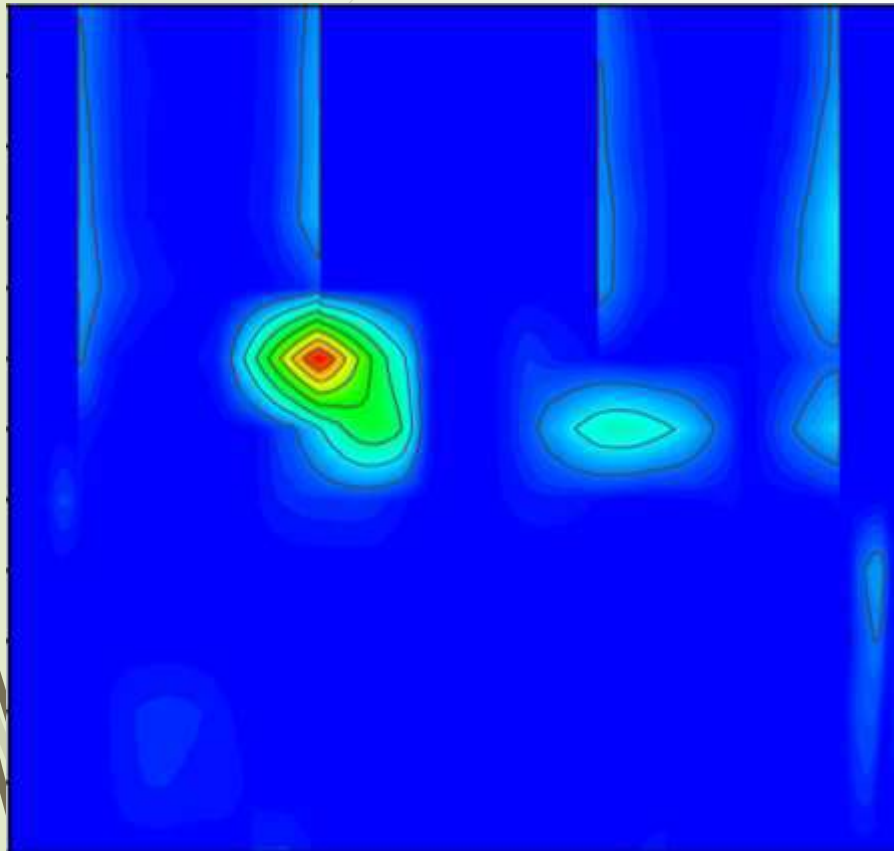
The piezoelectric charges are proportional to the **strain intensity**

1st Overtone signal
mapping and
strain simulation



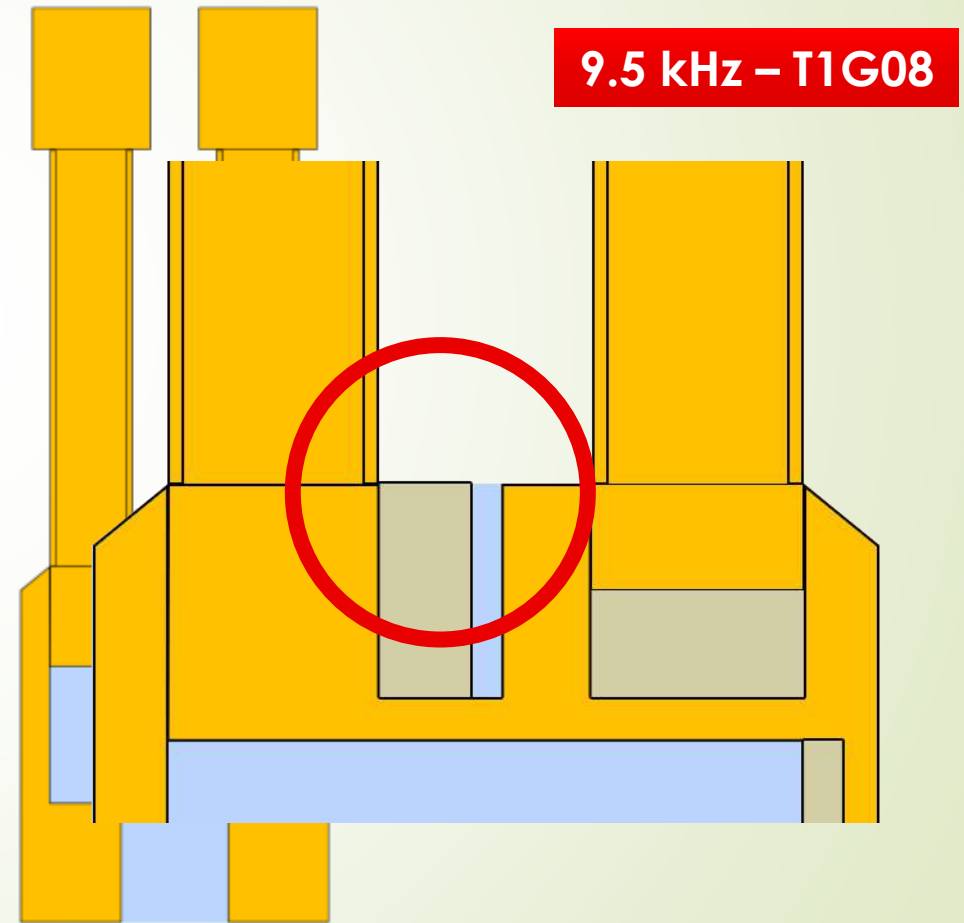
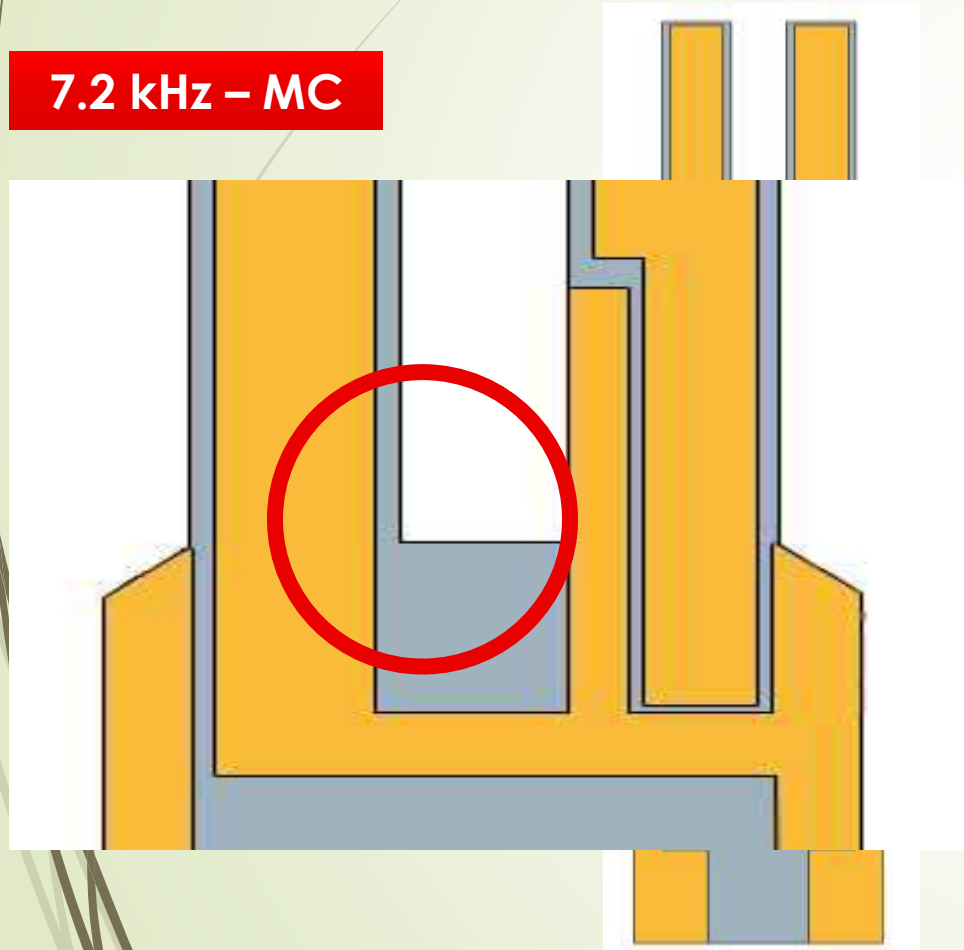
LITES signal mapping on QTF surface

9.5 kHz – Fundamental mode
0° degrees tilt

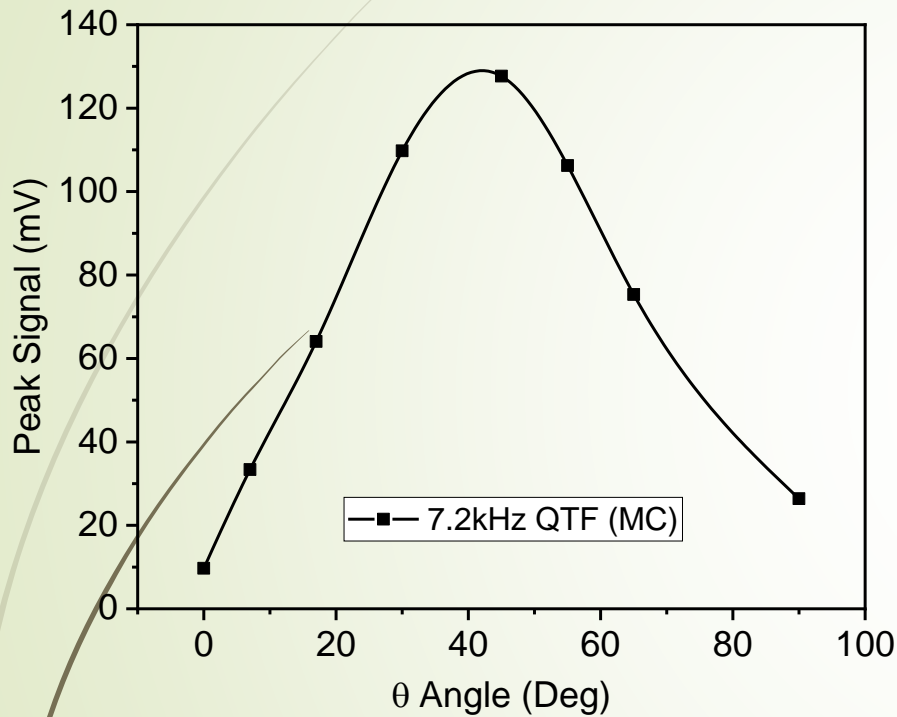


LITES signal mapping on QTF surface

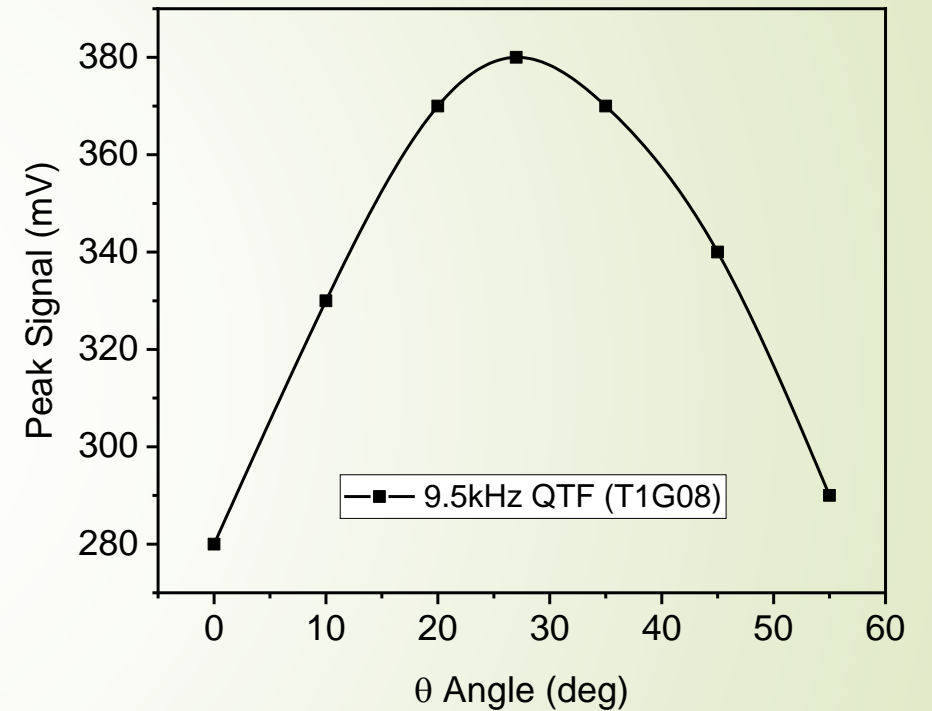
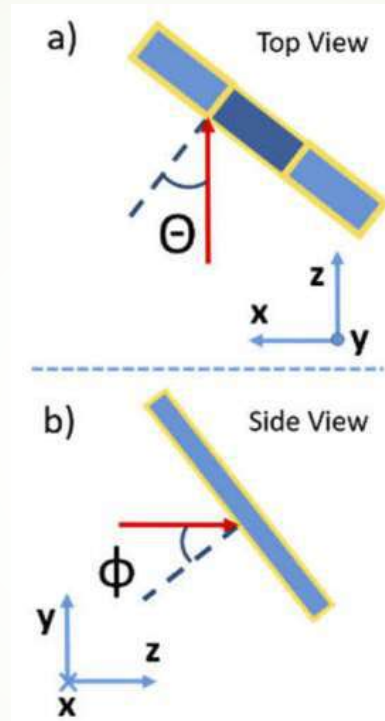
The QTF-T1G08 signal is 14 times better compare to the other QTF, but the strain is only 1.7 times higher. Are we hitting the right point?



Best LITES signal by varying hitting angle



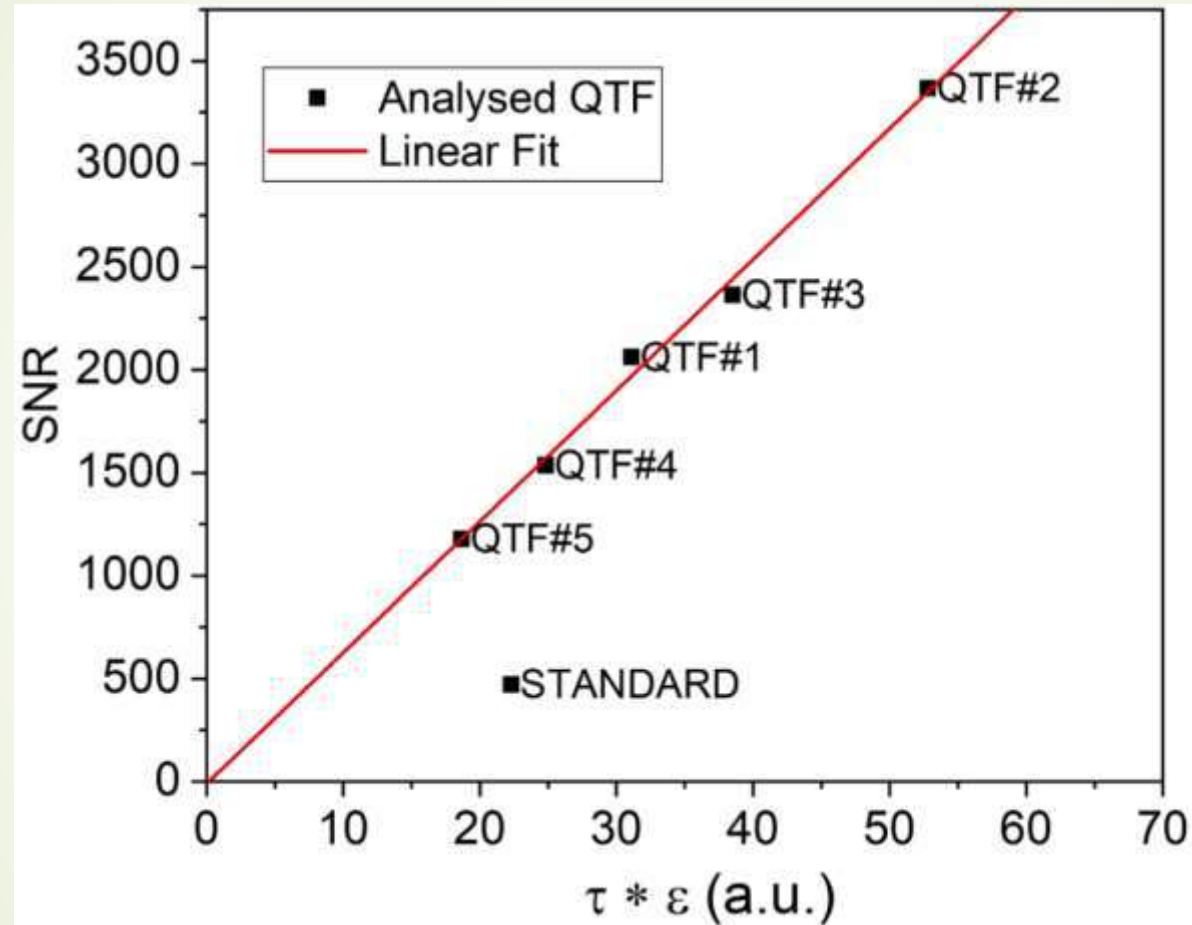
Enhancement ~ **6.5**



Enhancement ~ 1.4

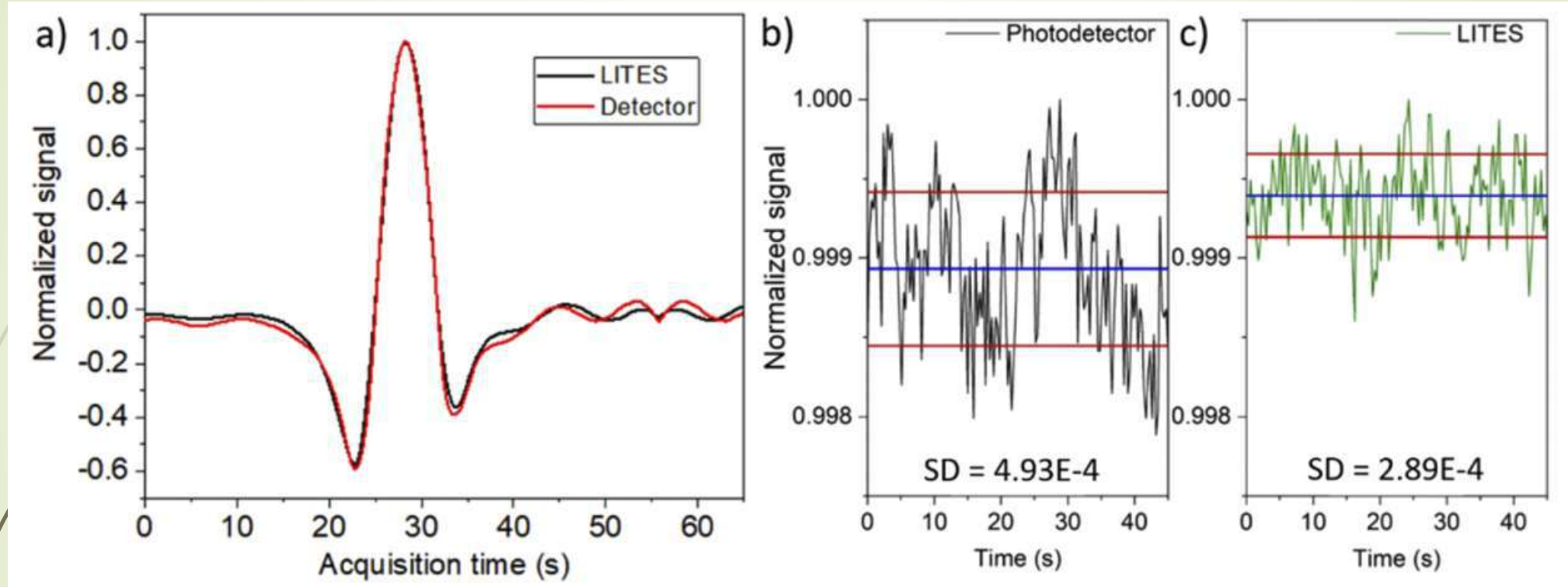
The effects due to the different gold pattern can be overcome by appropriately choosing the hitting angle

QTF SNR comparison and analysis



Apart from standard QTF, LITES SNR values follow a linear trend as a function of the product $\tau \cdot \epsilon$

Comparison LITES - Photodetector

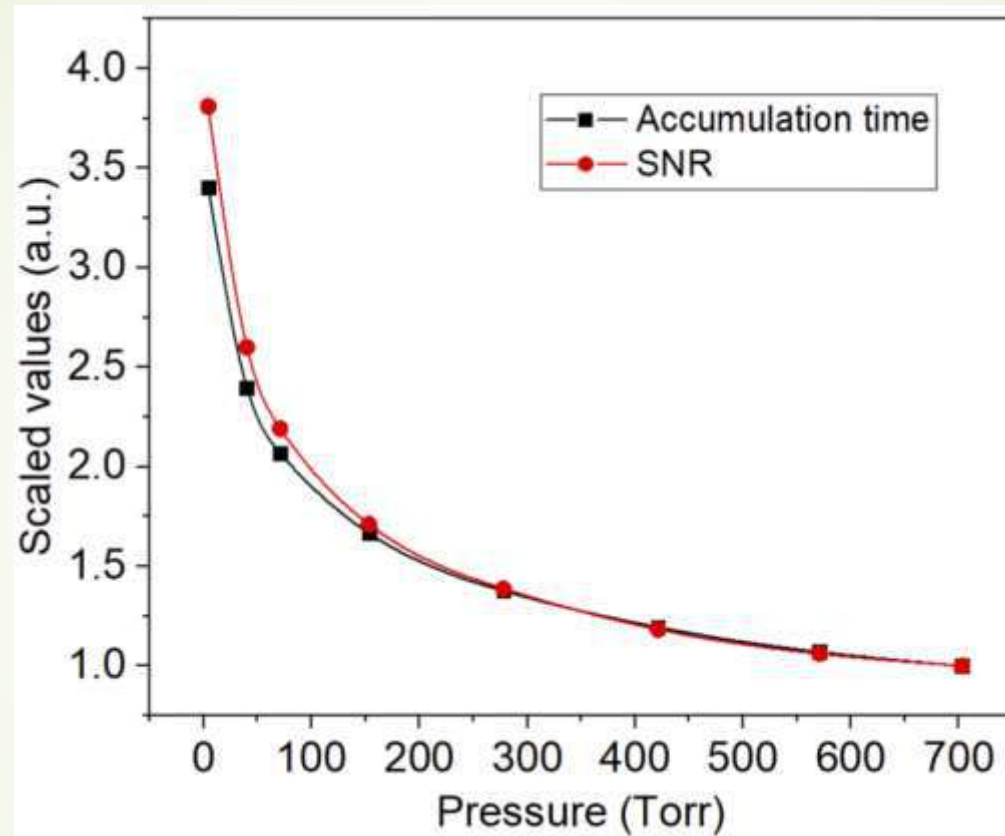


Best LITES SNR = **3500**
PDA 10CF-EC SNR = 2030



Comparable performances
in Near-IR range

Pressure analysis



The LITES SNR follows almost the same trend as the QTF accumulation time

SNR @ 5 Torr = **13500**

Comparison LITES - Photodetector

NEAR-IR and MID-IR spectral ranges

| Laser type | Wavelength (μm) | Power (mW) | Gas target | Pathlength (cm) | Linestrength (cm/mol) | Detector | MDL (ppm) |
|------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| LD | 1.36 | 3.5 | H ₂ O | 60 | $8.84 \cdot 10^{-21}$ | QTF PDA10CF-EC | 0.74 4.93 |
| LD | 1.65 | 1.13 | CH ₄ | 1000 | $9.27 \cdot 10^{-22}$ | QTF PDA10CF-EC | 3.5 2.27 |
| ICL | 3.33 | 1.2 | CH ₄ | 15 | $4.57 \cdot 10^{-20}$ | QTF PVI-4TE-4 | 1.98 2.9 |
| QCL | 5.26 | 5.1 | H ₂ O | 60 | $3.13 \cdot 10^{-22}$ | QTF PVI-4TE-6 | 14.05 138.5 |
| QCL | 10.34 | 5.6 | NH ₃ | 15 | $5.19 \cdot 10^{-19}$ | QTF PVI-4TE-10.6 | 0.28 0.34 |

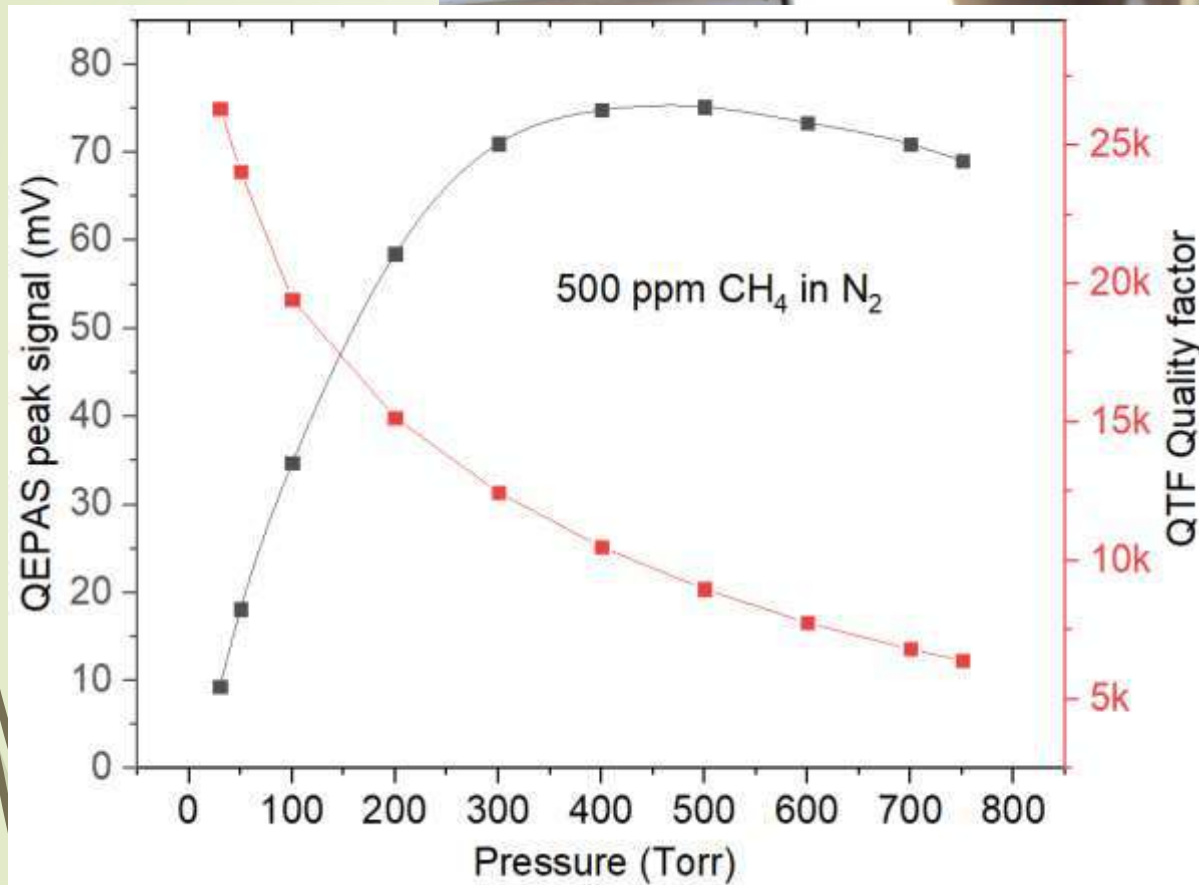
The QTF performances are **comparable** with respect to those obtained for **commercial detectors**



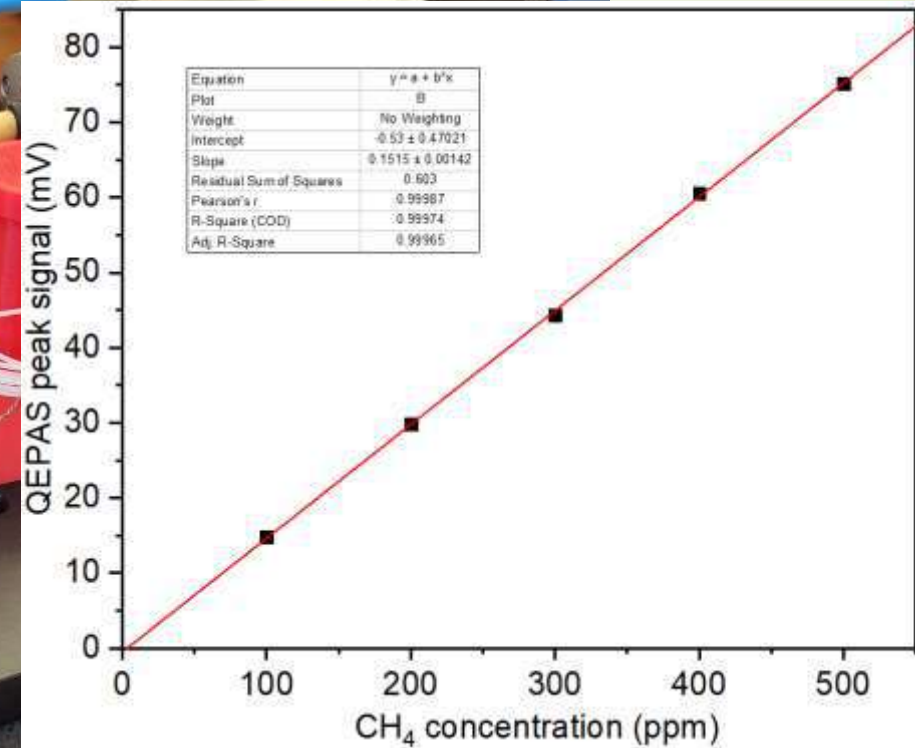
CH₄ – H₂O QEPAS concentration measurement
near a traffic light



CH₄ sensor calibration

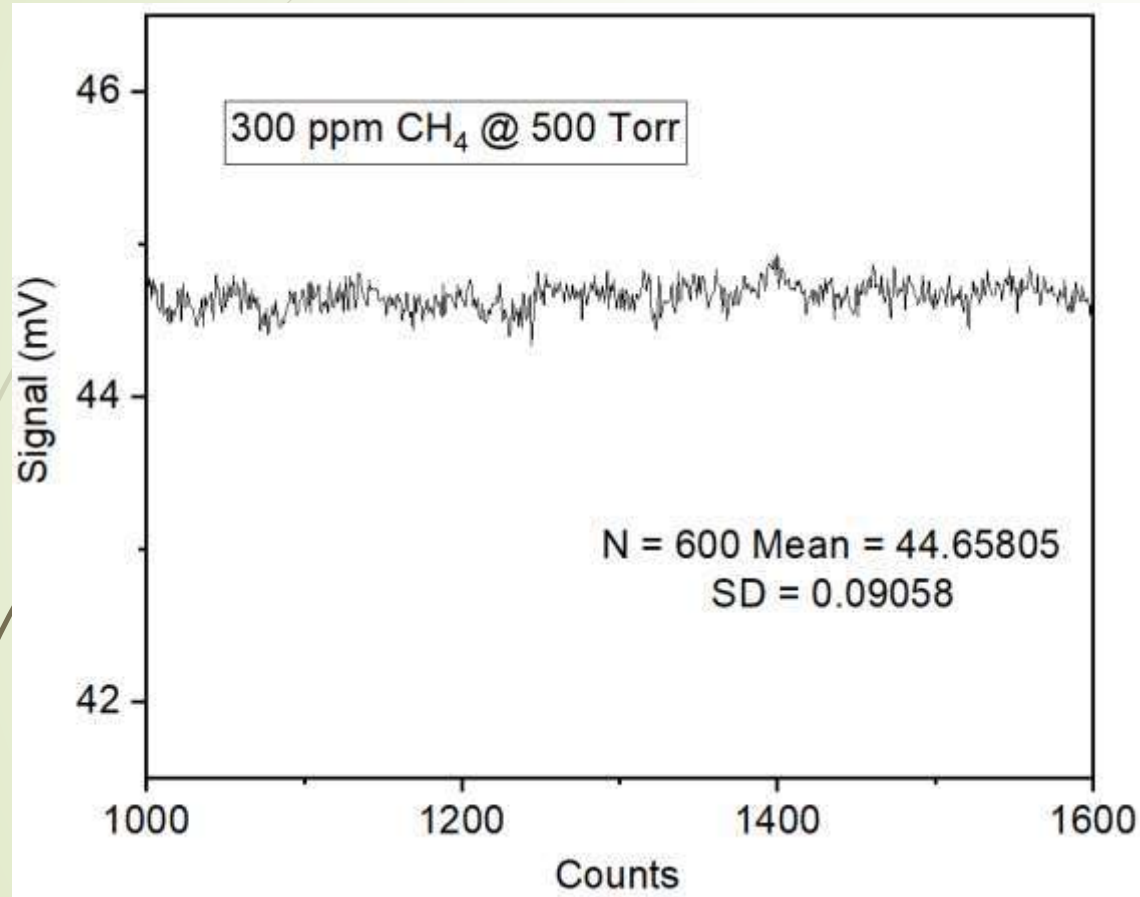


CH₄ QEPAS signal at 500 Torr



Slope = **152 μ V/ppm**
Intercept ≈ 0

CH₄ peak signal stability



2 s integration time

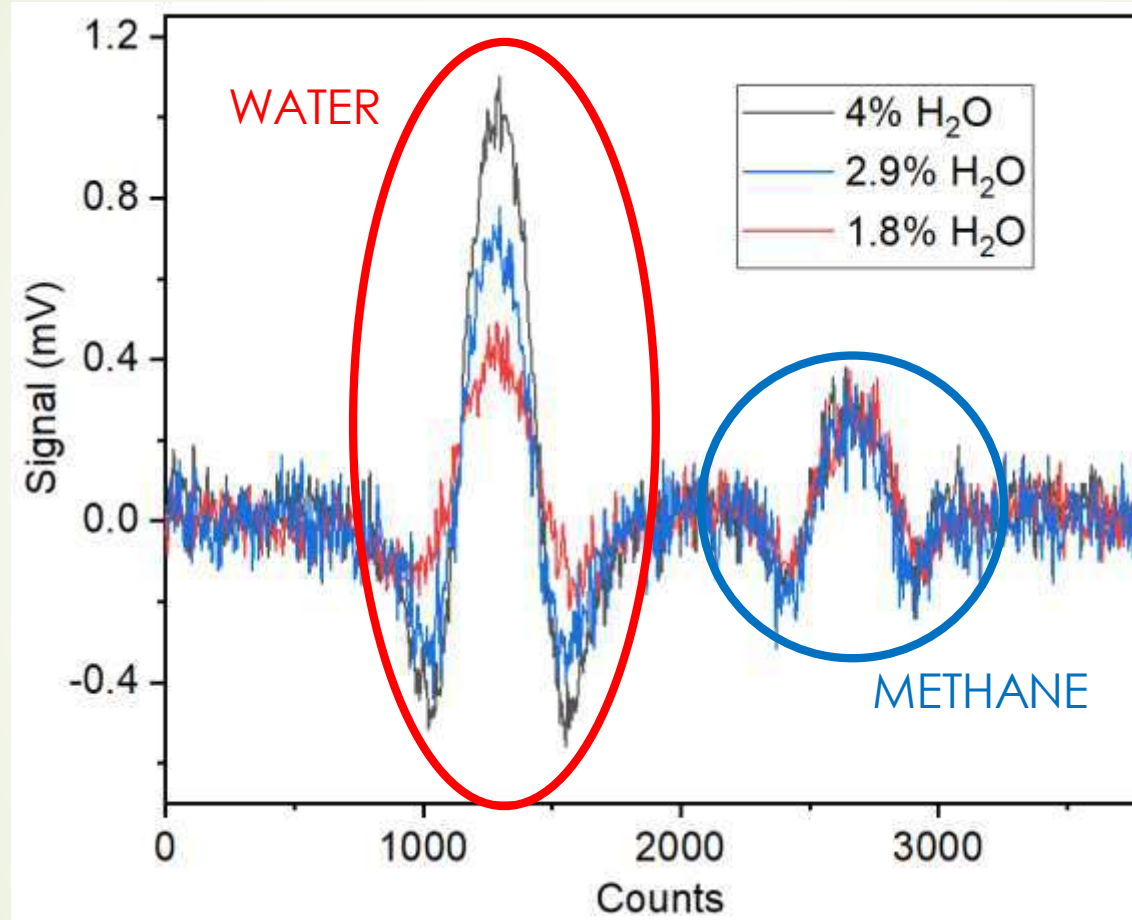
6 s acquisition time

The QEPAS peak signal is constant over **1 hour** measurement

MDL \approx **600 ppb**

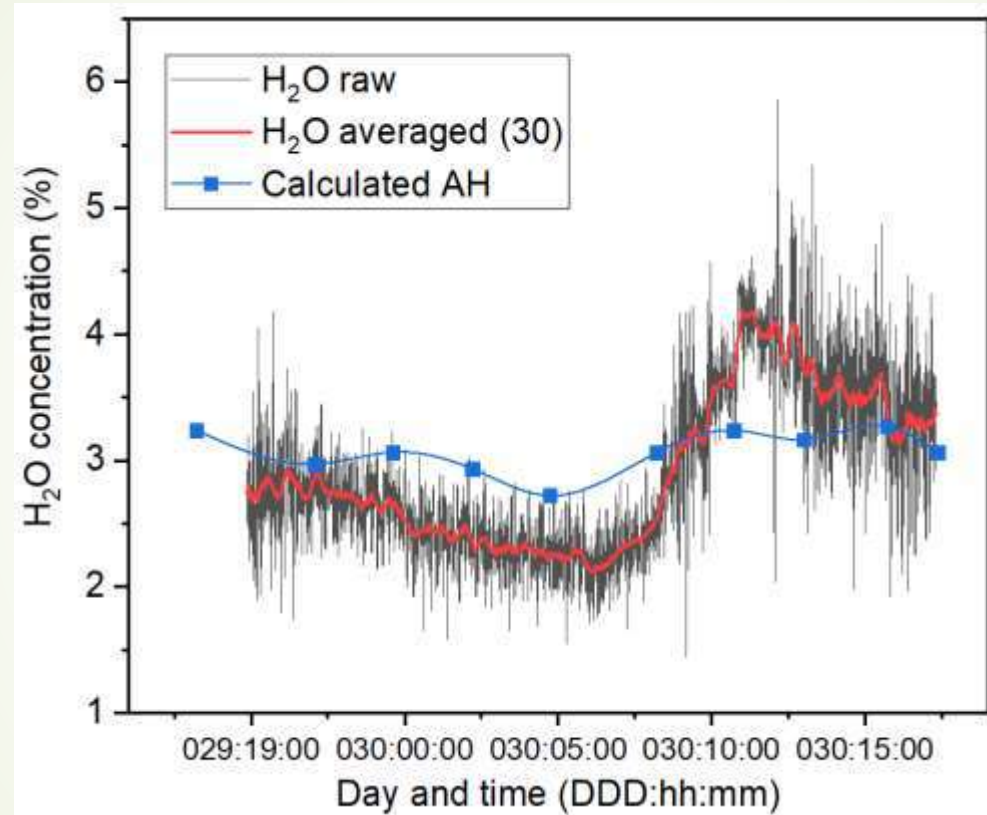
The sensor calibration shows the possibility of measuring the CH₄ atmospheric concentration

H₂O-CH₄ spectral scan



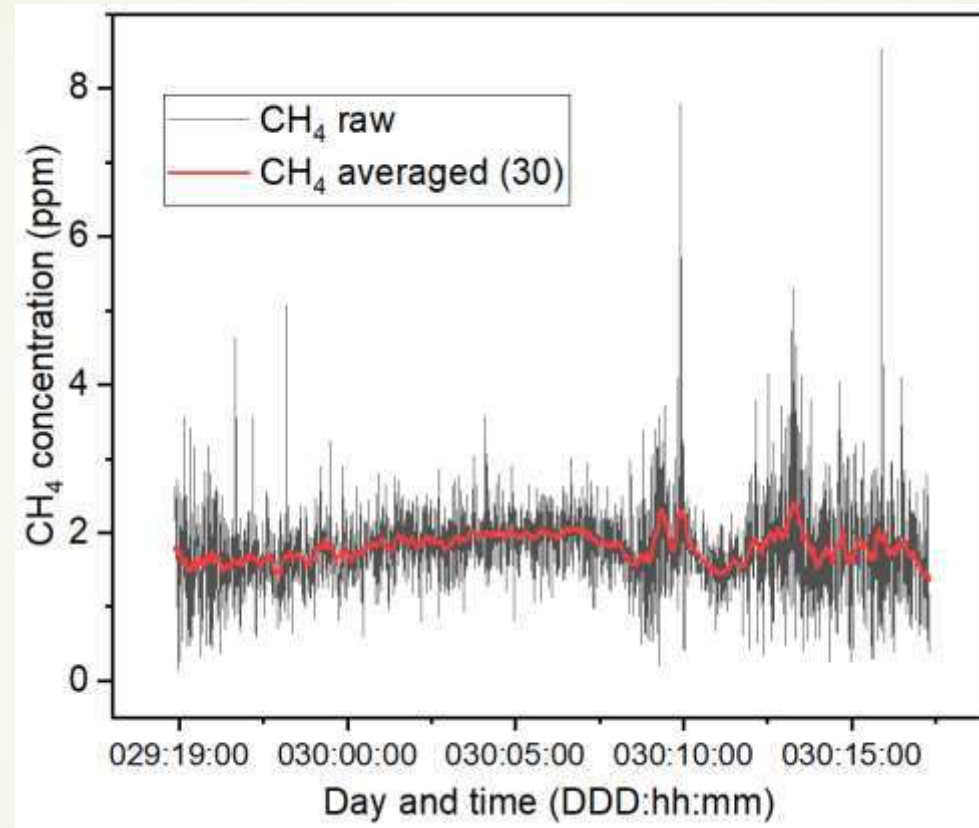
The CH₄ QEPAS peak value was almost unchanged

CH₄-H₂O concentration near a traffic light



Good agreement between values measured by the QEPAS sensor-head and those calculated from the measurements provided by the weather station

CH₄-H₂O concentration near a traffic light



During rush hours, the methane concentration reaches peak values up to 8.5 ppm
Average values of 2.4 ppm were measured during two rush periods

Third year goals

- LITES with **multipass cells**

Improvement of detection sensitivities

- QEPAS sensors for **environmental monitoring**

NO, N₂O, NO₂, SO₂, NH₃



PM2.5 creation

CO, CO₂



Coal, gas & oil consumption

CH₄, CO₂, N₂O, H₂O



Greenhouse gases



List of publications

- **S. Dello Russo**, S. Zhou, A. Zifarelli, P. Patimisco, A. Sampaolo, M. Giglio, D. Iannuzzi, V. Spagnolo, “Photoacoustic spectroscopy for gas sensing: a comparison between piezoelectric and interferometric readout in custom quartz tuning forks”, *Photoacoustics* **2020**, 17, 100155.
- F. Sgobba, G. Menduni, **S. Dello Russo**, A. Sampaolo, P. Patimisco, M. Giglio, E. Ranieri, V. M. N. Passaro, F. K. Tittel, V. Spagnolo, “Quartz-Enhanced Photoacoustic Detection of Ethane in the Near-IR Exploiting a Highly Performant Spectrophone”, *Appl. Sci.* **2020**, 10(7), 2447.
- G. Menduni, A. Sampaolo, P. Patimisco, M. Giglio, **S. Dello Russo**, A. Zifarelli, A. Elefante, P.Z. Wieczorek, T. Starecki, V.M.N. Passaro, F.K. Tittel, V. Spagnolo, “Front-End Amplifiers for Tuning Forks in Quartz Enhanced PhotoAcoustic Spectroscopy”, *Appl. Sci.* **2020**, 10(8), 2947.
- **S. Dello Russo**, A. Zifarelli, P. Patimisco, A. Sampaolo, T. Wei, H. Wu, L. Dong, V. Spagnolo, “Light-induced thermo-elastic effect in quartz tuning forks exploited as a photodetector in gas absorption spectroscopy”, *Optics Express* **2020**, 28, 19074.
- B. Sun, A. Zifarelli, H. Wu, **S. Dello Russo**, S. Li, P. Patimisco, L. Dong and V. Spagnolo, “Mid-infrared quartz-enhanced photoacoustic sensor for ppb-level CO detection in SF₆ gas matrix exploiting a T-grooved quartz tuning fork”, *Analytical Chemistry* **2020**, 92, 13922-13929.

Conference proceedings

- **S. Dello Russo**, P. Patimisco, A. Sampaolo, M. Giglio, G. Menduni, A. Elefante, V.M.N. Passaro, F.K. Tittel, V. Spagnolo, “Measurement of non-radiative gas molecules relaxation rates by using quartz-enhanced photoacoustic spectroscopy”, *Proc. SPIE, Quantum Sensing and Nano Electronics and Photonics XVII*, **2020**.
- P. Patimisco, S. Zhou, **S. Dello Russo**, A. Zifarelli, A. Sampaolo, M. Giglio, H. Rossmadl, V. Mackowiak, A. Cable, D. Iannuzzi, V. Spagnolo, “Comparison between interferometric and piezoelectric readout of tuning fork vibrations in quartz-enhanced photoacoustic spectroscopy”, *Proc. SPIE, Quantum Sensing and Nano Electronics and Photonics XVII*, **2020**.



Thank you for your attention

